

g2 Reference Manual

0.6x

Generated by Doxygen 1.3.6

Thu Apr 8 23:32:49 2004

Contents

1	g2 Main Page	1
1.1	License Notice	1
1.2	Introduction	1
1.3	Getting Started	2
1.4	Contact	5
2	g2 Module Index	7
2.1	g2 Modules	7
3	g2 Page Index	9
3.1	g2 Related Pages	9
4	g2 Module Documentation	11
4.1	FIG	11
4.2	color manipulations	12
4.3	output control	14
4.4	devices control	16
4.5	graphical output	18
4.6	virtual device related functions	25
4.7	GD	26
4.8	PostScript	27
4.9	MS Windows	30
4.10	X11	31
4.11	g2 User Interface	32
4.12	g2 Physical devices	33
5	g2 Page Documentation	35
5.1	PS paper sizes	35

Chapter 1

g2 Main Page

1.1 License Notice

This library is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2.1 of the License, or (at your option) any later version. This library is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU Lesser General Public License for more details. You should have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public License along with this library; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA *

Copyright (C) 1998-2004 Ljubomir Milanovic & Horst Wagner.

1.2 Introduction

1.2.1 What is g2 ?

1.2.1.1 Short version (if you are in hurry)

- 2D graphic library
- Simple to use
- Supports several types of output devices (currently X11, PostScript, devices supported by gd <http://www.boutell.com/gd/> (PNG, JPEG), FIG (<http://www.xfig.org>) and MS Windows windows)
- Concept allows easy implementation of new device types
- Virtual devices allow to send output simultaneously to several devices
- User definable coordinate system
- Written in ANSI-C
- Tested under Digital Unix, AIX, Linux, VMS and Windows NT
- Perl support
- Fortran interface

1.2.1.2 Long version

g2 is a simple to use graphics library for 2D graphical applications written in Ansi-C. This library provides a comprehensive set of functions for simultaneous generation of graphical output on different types of devices. Presently, following devices are currently supported by g2: X11, gd (PNG and JPEG), PostScript and FIG (xfig). One major feature of the g2_library is the concept of virtual devices. An arbitrary number of physical devices (such as PostScript, or X11) can be grouped to create a so-called virtual device. Commands sent to such a virtual devices will automatically issued to all attached physical devices. This allows for example simultaneous output to a PNG file and a Postscript file. A virtual device in turn can be attached to another virtual device, allowing to construct trees of devices. Virtual devices can also be useful when using different user-coordinate systems. E.g. one X11 window showing an overview of a graphical output, and a second window showing a zoom of a more detailed area of the graphic. Drawing in both windows is performed by one single command to the virtual device.

```

                                /-----> PNG:   g2_attach(id_PNG,...
-----
g2_plot--> | Virtual device: id |-----> X11:   g2_attach(id_X11,...
                                \-----> PS:    g2_attach(id_PS,...

```

If you don't need or like the concept of virtual devices, simply ignore it.

1.3 Getting Started

1.3.1 Preinstallation tasks:

PNG and JPEG support

g2 uses the gd library by Thomas Boutell to generate PNG files. This package is freeware (however not GPL) and can be downloaded at <http://www.boutell.com/gd/>. Linux users might prefer to install a pre-compiled gd rpm package which should be available at your local RedHat mirrorsite. NT users should install the gd source package in a subdirectory named "gd" which should be located in the same directory as the g2 subdirectory (but not in the g2 directory itself). Otherwise file locations for gd must be modified in the g2 project workspace. Unix and VMS users will have to build and install gd according to the instructions found in the gd distribution.

1.3.2 Installation

LINUX

1. Either install RPM packet with binaries, or compile as described in the UNIX section

UNIX

1. Extract package with `gzip -dc g2-xxxx.tar.gz | tar xvf -`
2. Run `'./configure'`
3. Optionally run `'make depend'`
4. Run `'make'`

5. Run 'make install' or copy libg2.a and **g2.h**(p. ??), **g2_X11.h**(p. ??), **g2_gd.h**(p. ??), and **g2_PS.h**(p. ??) to the default locations for library and include files.
6. Optional: cd to demo directory and run 'make demo' to compile demo applications

WINDOWS NT

1. Extract package using either the .tar.gz or the .zip distribution
2. MS Visual C++ users can build both library and demos with the supplied project file: g2.dsw (To obtain an icon and use menu functions you must also build the g2res project in g2.dsw)
3. users of gcc or other commandline based compilers with make support continue as in Unix example
4. It is also possible to compile g2 on winNT/95 using the free cygwin32 library and a X-windows library for windows. Theoretically it should be possible to support both X-windows and native NT/95 windows at the same time.

PERL (old instructions)

1. Change to directory g2_perl
2. Perform following steps
 - (a) perl Makefile.PL
 - (b) make
 - (c) make test
 - (d) make install
3. See the **Perl interface**(p. 5) section for more information
4. swig is also supported, more details are coming ...

VMS

1. Try to extract either the tar.gz or the zip distribution (whatever is easier for you)
2. type mms to compile library (descrip.mms file is supplied)
3. run mms in demo directory to compile demo applications

1.3.3 A simple example

The following example is a minimal application. It draws a rectangle in a postscript file.

```
#include <g2.h>
#include <g2_PS.h>

main()
{
    int id;
    id = g2_open_PS("rect.ps", g2_A4, g2_PS_land);
    g2_rectangle(id, 20, 20, 150, 150);
    g2_close(id);
}
```

- Always include `<g2.h(p.??)>`. Additionally include header files for all types of devices you want to use.
- Open devices using `g2_open_XY` functions. The open function returns a device id of type `int`, which you need to refer to the device.
- Call `g2_close()(p.??)` to close device.
- Consider turning off auto flush (`g2_set_auto_flush()(p.??)`) for improved performance.

You want to draw a PNG file instead of a PostScript file ?

replace the PS header file with

```
#include <g2_gd.h>
```

and replace the `g2_open_PS` function call with

```
id = g2_open_gd("rect.png", 300, 200, g2_gd_png);
```

You want to draw to a PNG file and a PostScript file with one plot command ?

Here we use the concept of virtual devices. Open a PNG and PostScript device, then open a virtual device and attach both the PNG and PostScript device to the virtual device. Plot commands to the virtual device will be issued to both PNG and PostScript device. You can attach and detach further devices at any time.

```
#include <g2.h>
#include <g2_PS.h>
#include <g2_gd.h>

main()
{
    int id_PS,id_PNG,id;

    id_PS = g2_open_PS("rect.ps", g2_A4, g2_PS_land);
    id_PNG = g2_open_gd("rect.png", 300, 200, g2_gd_png);
    id     = g2_open_vd();

    g2_attach(id, id_PS);
    g2_attach(id, id_PNG);

    g2_rectangle(id, 20, 20, 150, 150);
    g2_circle(id, 50, 60, 100);

    g2_close(id);
}
```

Note: closing a virtual device automatically closes all attached devices.

1.3.3.1 More examples

More examples showing the usage of different user coordinate systems, multiple virtual devices, etc. can be found in the distribution (demo directory).

1.3.4 Fortran interface

The Fortran interface for g2 is currently tested for Linux and Digital Unix/OSF. Function names for Fortran are the same as in C, however following differences exist:

all variables including device IDs are of type REAL void functions are implemented as subroutines and must be called with CALL constants defined by #define in C (e.g. g2_A4) do not work. Get corresponding values from the appropriate header files.

A short Fortran example:

```
program demo
real d,color
d=g2_open_PS('demo.f.ps', 4.0, 1.0)
call g2_plot(d, 50.0, 50.0)
call g2_string(d, 25.0, 75.0, 'TEST ')
color=g2_ink(d, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0)
write (6,*) color
call g2_pen(d, color)
call g2_circle(d, 20.0, 20.0, 10.0)
call g2_flush(d)
call g2_close(d)
stop
end
```

1.3.5 Perl interface (old info)

The perl interface for g2 is currently tested for Linux and Digital Unix/OSF. Function names in perl are the same as in C, however the device itself is implemented object orientated, i.e. the device argument is omitted in all functions. E.g., following simple perl script:

```
use G2;

$d = newX11 G2::Device(100,100);
$d->circle(10, 10, 20);
$d->string(20, 40, "Hello World");

print "\nDone.\n[Enter]\n";
getc(STDIN);

$d->close()
```

The creator functions are newX11, newGIF, newPS, etc. and accept the same arguments as the open functions in the C version. See the perl documentation (perldoc G2) for more details and the test.pl script for a more extensive example.

1.4 Contact

You can contact the authors and contributors by e-mail (/ is @ and - is .):

- Ljubomir Milanovic: ljubo/users-sourceforge-net
- Horst Wagner: wagner/users-sourceforge-net
- Tijs Michels (spline implementation): tijs/vimec-nl

or visit g2 home page on: <http://g2.sourceforge.net/>

Chapter 2

g2 Module Index

2.1 g2 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

g2 User Interface	32
color manipulations	12
output control	14
devices control	16
graphical output	18
virtual device related functions	25
g2 Physical devices	33
FIG	11
GD	26
PostScript	27
MS Windows	30
X11	31

Chapter 3

g2 Page Index

3.1 g2 Related Pages

Here is a list of all related documentation pages:

PS paper sizes	35
--------------------------	----

Chapter 4

g2 Module Documentation

4.1 FIG

Functions

- G2L int **g2_open_FIG** (const char *file_name)

4.1.1 Detailed Description

FIG devices generate output in the FIG 3.2 format. For more details about FIG format and xfig application please visit <http://www.xfig.org>.

Note:

FIG is a vector-oriented (as oposed to pixel-oriented) format. Therefore **g2_image**(p. 21) function and splines are not optimally supported.

4.1.2 Function Documentation

4.1.2.1 G2L int g2_open_FIG (const char * *file_name*)

Create a FIG device. g2 uses A4 paper size (landscape orientation) as default.

Parameters:

file_name fig file name

Returns:

physical device id

4.2 color manipulations

Functions

- void **g2_pen** (int dev, int color)
- void **g2_set_background** (int dev, int color)
- int **g2_ink** (int pd_dev, double red, double green, double blue)
- void **g2_reset_palette** (int dev)
- void **g2_clear_palette** (int dev)
- void **g2_allocate_basic_colors** (int dev)

4.2.1 Detailed Description

The color concept used in the g2 library is inspired by Sir Clive Sinclair solution implemented in the ZX Spectrum computer. With the **g2_pen()**(p.??) function it is possible to choose a pen created by the **g2_ink()**(p.??) function. Note that g2_ink function is only defined for physical devices. The predefined colors (see g2_test demo program) have pens from 0 till 26 (inclusive).

Some basic colors are:

- 0 white
- 1 black
- 3 blue
- 7 green
- 19 red
- 25 yellow

4.2.2 Function Documentation

4.2.2.1 void g2_allocate_basic_colors (int dev)

Allocate basic colors

Parameters:

dev device

4.2.2.2 void g2_clear_palette (int dev)

Remove all inks.

Parameters:

dev device

4.2.2.3 int g2_ink (int *pd_dev*, double *red*, double *green*, double *blue*)

Create an ink. To put ink into the pen use **g2_pen()**(p.??).

Parameters:

pd_dev physical device

red red component (0-1) according to the RGB color model

green green component (0-1) according to the RGB color model

blue blue component (0-1) according to the RGB color model

Returns:

new pen, see **g2_pen()**(p.??)

4.2.2.4 void g2_pen (int *dev*, int *color*)

Set pen color for all following operations, see also **g2_ink()**(p.??).

Parameters:

dev device

color pen (either one of default pens 0-26, or a pen returned by **g2_ink()**(p.??))

4.2.2.5 void g2_reset_palette (int *dev*)

Clear color palette (remove all inks) and reallocate basic colors.

Parameters:

dev device

4.2.2.6 void g2_set_background (int *dev*, int *color*)

Set the background color

Parameters:

dev device

color pen (either one of default pens 0-26, or a pen returned by **g2_ink()**(p.??))

4.3 output control

Functions

- void **g2_flush** (int dev)
- void **g2_save** (int dev)
- void **g2_clear** (int dev)
- void **g2_set_font_size** (int dev, double size)
- void **g2_set_line_width** (int dev, double w)
- void **g2_set_dash** (int dev, int N, double *dashes)
- void **g2_set_QP** (int dev, double d, enum QPshape shape)
- void **g2_query_pointer** (int dev, double *x, double *y, unsigned int *button)

4.3.1 Function Documentation

4.3.1.1 void g2_clear (int dev)

Clear device

Parameters:

dev device number

4.3.1.2 void g2_flush (int dev)

Flush output buffers.

Parameters:

dev device id

4.3.1.3 void g2_query_pointer (int dev, double * x, double * y, unsigned int * button)

Query pointer (e.g. mouse for X11) position and button state. See the demo program pointer.c for an example.

Parameters:

dev device

x returns pointer x coordinate

y returns pointer y coordinate

button returns button state

4.3.1.4 void g2_save (int dev)

Save output

Parameters:

dev device id

4.3.1.5 void g2_set_dash (int *dev*, int *N*, double * *dashes*)

Set line dash. Set *N* to 0 and *dashes* to NULL to restore solid line.

Parameters:

dev device

N number of dash components (0 for solid line)

dashes vector of dash lengths (black, white, black, ...)

4.3.1.6 void g2_set_font_size (int *dev*, double *size*)

Set font size

Parameters:

dev device

size new font size

4.3.1.7 void g2_set_line_width (int *dev*, double *w*)

Set line width.

Parameters:

dev device

w new line width

4.3.1.8 void g2_set_QP (int *dev*, double *d*, enum QPshape *shape*)

Set QuasiPixel size and shape.

Parameters:

dev device

d size

shape shape (rectangle or circle, see ::QPshape)

4.4 devices control

Functions

- void **g2_close** (int dev)
- void **g2_set_auto_flush** (int dev, int on_off)
- void **g2_set_coordinate_system** (int dev, double x_origin, double y_origin, double x_mul, double y_mul)
- int **g2_ld** (void)
- void **g2_set_ld** (int dev)

4.4.1 Function Documentation

4.4.1.1 void g2_close (int dev)

Close and delete a device.

Parameters:

dev device

4.4.1.2 int g2_ld (void)

Get the last accessed device. G2LD macro is defined as the g2_ld function.

```
g2_open_X11(100, 100);
g2_plot(G2LD, 50, 50);
```

4.4.1.3 void g2_set_auto_flush (int dev, int on_off)

Set auto flush mode for device *dev*. Auto flush mode means that after each graphical operation g2 library automatically calls flush function to ensure that output is really displayed. However, frequent flushing decreases performance. Alternative is to flush output when needed by calling g2_flush function.

Parameters:

dev device

on_off 1-on 0-off

4.4.1.4 void g2_set_coordinate_system (int dev, double x_origin, double y_origin, double x_mul, double y_mul)

Set the user coordinate system.

Parameters:

dev device

x_origin x coordinate of the new origin (expressed in the default coordinate system)

y_origin y coordinate of the new origin (expressed in the default coordinate system)

x_mul x scaling factor

y_mul y scaling factor

4.4.1.5 void g2_set_ld (int *dev*)

Set the last accessed device. See also **g2_ld()**(p.??) function.

Parameters:

dev device

4.5 graphical output

Functions

- void **g2_move** (int dev, double x, double y)
- void **g2_move_r** (int dev, double dx, double dy)
- void **g2_plot** (int dev, double x, double y)
- void **g2_plot_r** (int dev, double rx, double ry)
- void **g2_line** (int dev, double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2)
- void **g2_line_r** (int dev, double dx, double dy)
- void **g2_line_to** (int dev, double x, double y)
- void **g2_poly_line** (int dev, int N_pt, double *points)
- void **g2_triangle** (int dev, double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2, double x3, double y3)
- void **g2_filled_triangle** (int dev, double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2, double x3, double y3)
- void **g2_rectangle** (int dev, double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2)
- void **g2_filled_rectangle** (int dev, double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2)
- void **g2_polygon** (int dev, int N_pt, double *points)
- void **g2_filled_polygon** (int dev, int N_pt, double *points)
- void **g2_ellipse** (int dev, double x, double y, double r1, double r2)
- void **g2_filled_ellipse** (int dev, double x, double y, double r1, double r2)
- void **g2_circle** (int dev, double x, double y, double r)
- void **g2_filled_circle** (int dev, double x, double y, double r)
- void **g2_arc** (int dev, double x, double y, double r1, double r2, double a1, double a2)
- void **g2_filled_arc** (int dev, double x, double y, double r1, double r2, double a1, double a2)
- void **g2_string** (int dev, double x, double y, const char *text)
- void **g2_image** (int dev, double x, double y, int x_size, int y_size, int *pens)
- void **g2_plot_QP** (int dev, double x, double y)

4.5.1 Function Documentation

4.5.1.1 void g2_arc (int *dev*, double *x*, double *y*, double *r1*, double *r2*, double *a1*, double *a2*)

Draw an arc.

Parameters:

dev device

x x coordinate of the center

y y coordinate of the center

r1 x radius

r2 y radius

a1 starting angle (in deg. 0-360)

a2 ending angle (in deg. 0-360)

4.5.1.2 void g2_circle (int *dev*, double *x*, double *y*, double *r*)

Draw a circle.

Parameters:

dev device
x x coordinate of the center
y y coordinate of the center
r radius

4.5.1.3 void g2_ellipse (int *dev*, double *x*, double *y*, double *r1*, double *r2*)

Draw an ellipse.

Parameters:

dev device
x x coordinate of the center
y y coordinate of the center
r1 x radius
r2 y radius

4.5.1.4 void g2_filled_arc (int *dev*, double *x*, double *y*, double *r1*, double *r2*, double *a1*, double *a2*)

Draw a filled arc.

Parameters:

dev device
x x coordinate of the center
y y coordinate of the center
r1 x radius
r2 y radius
a1 starting angle (in deg. 0-360)
a2 ending angle (in deg. 0-360)

4.5.1.5 void g2_filled_circle (int *dev*, double *x*, double *y*, double *r*)

Draw a filled circle.

Parameters:

dev device
x x coordinate of the center
y y coordinate of the center
r radius

4.5.1.6 void g2_filled_ellipse (int *dev*, double *x*, double *y*, double *r1*, double *r2*)

Draw a filled ellipse.

Parameters:

dev device
x x coordinate of the center
y y coordinate of the center
r1 x radius
r2 y radius

4.5.1.7 void g2_filled_polygon (int *dev*, int *N_pt*, double * *points*)

Draw a filled polygon.

Parameters:

dev device
N_pt number of points (Note: It is not size of *points* vector!)
points vector of coordinates: x1, y1, x2, y2, ...

4.5.1.8 void g2_filled_rectangle (int *dev*, double *x1*, double *y1*, double *x2*, double *y2*)

Draw a filled rectangle specified by the two opposite corner points.

Parameters:

dev device
x1 x coordinate of the 1st corner
y1 y coordinate of the 1st corner
x2 x coordinate of the 3rd corner
y2 y coordinate of the 3rd corner

4.5.1.9 void g2_filled_triangle (int *dev*, double *x1*, double *y1*, double *x2*, double *y2*, double *x3*, double *y3*)

Draw a filled triangle specified by the 3 corner points.

Parameters:

dev device
x1 x coordinate of the 1st corner
y1 y coordinate of the 1st corner
x2 x coordinate of the 2nd corner
y2 y coordinate of the 2nd corner
x3 x coordinate of the 3rd corner
y3 y coordinate of the 3rd corner

4.5.1.10 `void g2_image (int dev, double x, double y, int x_size, int y_size, int *
 pens)`

Draw a pen image

Parameters:

dev device

x x coordinate

y y coordinate

x_size x size

y_size y size

pens vector of *x_size***y_size* pens: p11, p21, ... pxy, ...

4.5.1.11 `void g2_line (int dev, double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2)`

Draw a line from *x1*, *y1* to *x2*, *y2*.

Parameters:

dev device

x1 see above

y1 see above

x2 see above

y2 see above

4.5.1.12 `void g2_line_r (int dev, double dx, double dy)`

Draw line relative to the graphic cursor.

Parameters:

dev device

dx relative x coordinate

dy relative y coordinate

4.5.1.13 `void g2_line_to (int dev, double x, double y)`

Draw line from graphic cursor to the point *x*, *y*

Parameters:

dev device

x x coordinate

y y coordinate

4.5.1.14 void g2_move (int *dev*, double *x*, double *y*)

Move graphic cursor.

Parameters:

dev device
x x coordinate
y y coordinate

4.5.1.15 void g2_move_r (int *dev*, double *dx*, double *dy*)

Move graphic cursor relative to the currner graphical cursor position.

Parameters:

dev device
dx x coordinate increment
dy y coordinate increment

4.5.1.16 void g2_plot (int *dev*, double *x*, double *y*)

Plot a point

Parameters:

dev device
x x coordinate
y y coordinate

4.5.1.17 void g2_plot_QP (int *dev*, double *x*, double *y*)

Quasi Pixel fake. Quasi pixel is introduced to make easier plotting of cellular automata and related pictures. QP is simple a big pixel as specified by **g2_set_QP()**(p.??). Coordinates are skaled accordingly, so no recalculation is needed on client side.

Parameters:

dev device
x x coordinate
y y coordinate

4.5.1.18 void g2_plot_r (int *dev*, double *rx*, double *ry*)

Plot a point relative to graphical cursor.

Parameters:

dev device
rx relative x coordinate
ry relative y coordinate

4.5.1.19 void g2_poly_line (int *dev*, int *N_pt*, double * *points*)

Draw a poly line.

Parameters:

dev device

N_pt number of points (Note: It is not size of *points* vector!)

points vector of coordinates: x1, y1, x2, y2, ...

4.5.1.20 void g2_polygon (int *dev*, int *N_pt*, double * *points*)

Draw a polygon.

Parameters:

dev device

N_pt number of points (Note: It is not size of *points* vector!)

points vector of coordinates: x1, y1, x2, y2, ...

4.5.1.21 void g2_rectangle (int *dev*, double *x1*, double *y1*, double *x2*, double *y2*)

Draw a rectangle specified by the two opposite corner points.

Parameters:

dev device

x1 x coordinate of the 1st corner

y1 y coordinate of the 1st corner

x2 x coordinate of the 3rd corner

y2 y coordinate of the 3rd corner

4.5.1.22 void g2_string (int *dev*, double *x*, double *y*, const char * *text*)

Draw string, see also `g2_set_font_size()`(p.??).

Parameters:

dev device

x x coordinate

y y coordinate

text null terminated string

4.5.1.23 `void g2_triangle (int dev, double x1, double y1, double x2, double y2,
double x3, double y3)`

Draw a triangle described by 3 corner points.

Parameters:

dev device

x1 x coordinate of the 1st corner

y1 y coordinate of the 1st corner

x2 x coordinate of the 2nd corner

y2 y coordinate of the 2nd corner

x3 x coordinate of the 3rd corner

y3 y coordinate of the 3rd corner

4.6 virtual device related functions

Functions

- `int g2_open_vd (void)`
- `void g2_attach (int vd_dev, int dev)`
- `void g2_detach (int vd_dev, int dev)`

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Virtual device is a method to redirect g2 output to multiple devices. Here is an example:

```
int d1 = g2_open_X11(100, 100);    create first X11 window
int d2 = g2_open_X11(100, 100);    create 2nd X11 window

int vd = g2_open_vd();             open a new virtual device

g2_attach(vd, d1);                 attach d1 (1st window) to virtual device
g2_attach(vd, d2);                 attach d2 (2nd window) to virtual device

g2_plot(d1, 11, 11);               output to the 1st X11 window
g2_plot(d2, 12, 12);               output to the 2nd X11 window
g2_plot(vd, 13, 13);               output to both X11 windows
```

4.6.2 Function Documentation

4.6.2.1 void g2_attach (int vd_dev, int dev)

Attach a device to virtual device *vd_dev*.

Parameters:

vd_dev virtual device (create virtual device by calling `g2_open_vd()`(p. ??)) 160
dev device

4.6.2.2 void g2_detach (int vd_dev, int dev)

Detatch a device from the virtual device *vd_dev*.

Parameters:

vd_dev virtual device 160
dev device

4.6.2.3 int g2_open_vd (void)

Create a new virtual device.

Returns:

virtual device ID

4.7 GD

Enumerations

- enum `g2_gd_type` { `g2_gd_jpeg` = 0, `g2_gd_png` = 1 }

Functions

- int `g2_open_gd` (const char **filename*, int *width*, int *height*, enum `g2_gd_type` *gd_type*)

4.7.1 Enumeration Type Documentation

4.7.1.1 enum `g2_gd_type`

g2 gd bitmap types

Enumeration values:

g2_gd_jpeg jpeg

g2_gd_png png

4.7.2 Function Documentation

4.7.2.1 int `g2_open_gd` (const char * *filename*, int *width*, int *height*, enum `g2_gd_type` *gd_type*)

Create a GD device.

Parameters:

filename output file name

width width

height height

gd_type file type, see `g2_gd_type`(p. 26)

Returns:

physical device id

4.8 PostScript

Enumerations

- enum **g2_PS_paper** {
g2_A0, **g2_A1**, **g2_A2**, **g2_A3**,
g2_A4, **g2_A5**, **g2_A6**, **g2_A7**,
g2_A8, **g2_A9**, **g2_B0**, **g2_B1**,
g2_B2, **g2_B3**, **g2_B4**, **g2_B5**,
g2_B6, **g2_B7**, **g2_B8**, **g2_B9**,
g2_B10, **g2_Comm_10_Envelope**, **g2_C5_Envelope**, **g2_DL_Envelope**,
g2_Folio, **g2_Executive**, **g2_Letter**, **g2_Legal**,
g2_Ledger, **g2_Tableoid** }
- enum **g2_PS_orientation** { **g2_PS_land**, **g2_PS_port** }

Functions

- G2L int **g2_open_PS** (const char *file_name, enum **g2_PS_paper** paper, enum **g2_PS_orientation** orientation)
- G2L int **g2_open_EPSF** (const char *file_name)
- G2L int **g2_open_EPSF_CLIP** (const char *file_name, long width, long height)

4.8.1 Enumeration Type Documentation

4.8.1.1 enum **g2_PS_orientation**

g2 paper orientation.

Enumeration values:

g2_PS_land landscape
g2_PS_port portrait

4.8.1.2 enum **g2_PS_paper**

g2 paper type.

Enumeration values:

g2_A0 A0 2384 x 3370
g2_A1 A1 1684 x 2384
g2_A2 A2 1191 x 1684
g2_A3 A3 842 x 1191
g2_A4 A4 595 x 842
g2_A5 A5 420 x 595
g2_A6 A6 297 x 420
g2_A7 A7 210 x 297

g2_A8 A8 148 x 210
g2_A9 A9 105 x 148
g2_B0 B0 2920 x 4127
g2_B1 B1 2064 x 2920
g2_B2 B2 1460 x 2064
g2_B3 B3 1032 x 1460
g2_B4 B4 729 x 1032
g2_B5 B5 516 x 729
g2_B6 B6 363 x 516
g2_B7 B7 258 x 363
g2_B8 B8 181 x 258
g2_B9 B9 127 x 181
g2_B10 B10 91 x 127
g2_Comm_10_Envelope Comm #10 Envelope 297 x 684
g2_C5_Envelope C5 Envelope 461 x 648
g2_DL_Envelope DL Envelope 312 x 624
g2_Folio Folio 595 x 935
g2_Executive Executive 522 x 756
g2_Letter Letter 612 x 792
g2_Legal Legal 612 x 1008
g2_Ledger Ledger 1224 x 792
g2_Tabloid Tabloid 792 x 1224

4.8.2 Function Documentation

4.8.2.1 G2L int g2_open_EPSF (const char * *file_name*)

Create an encapsulated PS device.

Parameters:

file_name postscript file name

Returns:

physical device id

4.8.2.2 G2L int g2_open_EPSF_CLIP (const char * *file_name*, long *width*, long *height*)

Create an encapsulated PS device with clipping.

Parameters:

file_name postscript file name

width clipping region width

height clipping region height

Returns:

physical device id

4.8.2.3 G2L int g2_open_PS (const char * *file_name*, enum g2_PS_paper *paper*, enum g2_PS_orientation *orientation*)

Create a PS device.

Parameters:

file_name postscript file name

paper paper type, see g2_PS_paper(p. 27) and appendix Appendix

orientation paper orientation, see g2_PS_orientation(p. 27)

Returns:

physical device id

4.9 MS Windows

Enumerations

- `enum g2_win32_type { g2_win32, g2_wmf32 }`

Functions

- `int g2_open_win32 (int width, int height, const char *title, int type)`

4.9.1 Enumeration Type Documentation

4.9.1.1 `enum g2_win32_type`

Window type

Enumeration values:

- `g2_win32` regular window
- `g2_wmf32` windows meta file

4.9.2 Function Documentation

4.9.2.1 `int g2_open_win32 (int width, int height, const char * title, int type)`

Create a Windows device.

Parameters:

- width* window width
- height* window height
- title* window title
- type* window type, see `g2_win32_type`(p. 30)

Returns:

- physical device id

4.10 X11

Functions

- `int g2_open_X11` (int *width*, int *height*)
- `int g2_open_X11X` (int *width*, int *height*, int *x*, int *y*, char **window_name*, char **icon_name*, char **icon_data*, int *icon_width*, int *icon_height*)

4.10.1 Function Documentation

4.10.1.1 `int g2_open_X11` (int *width*, int *height*)

Open a simple X11 window (physical device device).

Parameters:

width window width

height window height

Returns:

physical device id

4.10.1.2 `int g2_open_X11X` (int *width*, int *height*, int *x*, int *y*, char **window_name*, char **icon_name*, char **icon_data*, int *icon_width*, int *icon_height*)

Open a X11 window (physical device device). If *icon_width* or *icon_height* is smaller than 0, the *icon_data* is interpreted as a file name.

Parameters:

width window width

height window height

x x position on screen

y y position on screen

window_name hint for window manager

icon_name hint for window manager

icon_data icon bitmap (*icon_width* * *icon_height* bits) or file name containing bitmap (if *icon_width* <= 0 or *icon_height* <= 0)

icon_width icon width

icon_height icon height

Returns:

physical device id

4.11 g2 User Interface

Modules

- **groupcolor manipulations**
- **groupoutput control**
- **groupdevices control**
- **groupgraphical output**
- **groupvirtual device related functions**
- **groupg2 Physical devices**

4.12 g2 Physical devices

Modules

- group**FIG**
- group**GD**
- group**PostScript**
- group**MS Windows**
- group**X11**

4.12.1 Detailed Description

g2 physical devices are drivers for different output formats.

Chapter 5

g2 Page Documentation

5.1 PS paper sizes

g2 Name	Name	Size(Pt)
g2_A0	A0	2384 x 3370
g2_A1	A1	1684 x 2384
g2_A2	A2	1191 x 1684
g2_A3	A3	842 x 1191
g2_A4	A4	595 x 842
g2_A5	A5	420 x 595
g2_A6	A6	297 x 420
g2_A7	A7	210 x 297
g2_A8	A8	148 x 210
g2_A9	A9	105 x 148
g2_B0	B0	2920 x 4127
g2_B1	B1	2064 x 2920
g2_B2	B2	1460 x 2064
g2_B3	B3	1032 x 1460
g2_B4	B4	729 x 1032
g2_B5	B5	516 x 729
g2_B6	B6	363 x 516
g2_B7	B7	258 x 363
g2_B8	B8	181 x 258
g2_B9	B9	127 x 181
g2_B10	B10	91 x 127
g2_Comm_10_Envelope	Comm #10 Envelope	297 x 684
g2_C5_Envelope	C5 Envelope	461 x 648
g2_DL_Envelope	DL Envelope	312 x 624
g2_Folio	Folio	595 x 935
g2_Executive	Executive	522 x 756
g2_Letter	Letter	612 x 792
g2_Legal	Legal	612 x 1008
g2_Ledger	Ledger	1224 x 792
g2_Tabloid	Tabloid	792 x 1224

Index

- color
 - g2_allocate_basic_colors, 12
 - g2_clear_palette, 12
 - g2_ink, 12
 - g2_pen, 13
 - g2_reset_palette, 13
 - g2_set_background, 13
- color manipulations, 12
- control
 - g2_clear, 14
 - g2_flush, 14
 - g2_query_pointer, 14
 - g2_save, 14
 - g2_set_dash, 14
 - g2_set_font_size, 15
 - g2_set_line_width, 15
 - g2_set_QP, 15
- device
 - g2_close, 16
 - g2_ld, 16
 - g2_set_auto_flush, 16
 - g2_set_coordinate_system, 16
 - g2_set_ld, 16
- devices control, 16
- FIG, 11
 - g2_open_FIG, 11
- g2 Physical devices, 33
- g2 User Interface, 32
- g2_A0
 - PS, 27
- g2_A1
 - PS, 27
- g2_A2
 - PS, 27
- g2_A3
 - PS, 27
- g2_A4
 - PS, 27
- g2_A5
 - PS, 27
- g2_A6
 - PS, 27
- g2_A7
 - PS, 27
- g2_A8
 - PS, 27
- g2_A9
 - PS, 28
- g2_allocate_basic_colors
 - color, 12
- g2_arc
 - graphic, 18
- g2_attach
 - vd, 25
- g2_B0
 - PS, 28
- g2_B1
 - PS, 28
- g2_B10
 - PS, 28
- g2_B2
 - PS, 28
- g2_B3
 - PS, 28
- g2_B4
 - PS, 28
- g2_B5
 - PS, 28
- g2_B6
 - PS, 28
- g2_B7
 - PS, 28
- g2_B8
 - PS, 28
- g2_B9
 - PS, 28
- g2_C5_Envelope
 - PS, 28
- g2_circle
 - graphic, 18
- g2_clear
 - control, 14
- g2_clear_palette
 - color, 12
- g2_close
 - device, 16
- g2_Comm_10_Envelope

- PS, 28
- g2_detach
 - vd, 25
- g2_DL_Envelope
 - PS, 28
- g2_ellipse
 - graphic, 19
- g2_Executive
 - PS, 28
- g2_filled_arc
 - graphic, 19
- g2_filled_circle
 - graphic, 19
- g2_filled_ellipse
 - graphic, 19
- g2_filled_polygon
 - graphic, 20
- g2_filled_rectangle
 - graphic, 20
- g2_filled_triangle
 - graphic, 20
- g2_flush
 - control, 14
- g2_Folio
 - PS, 28
- g2_gd_jpeg
 - GD, 26
- g2_gd_png
 - GD, 26
- g2_gd_type
 - GD, 26
- g2_image
 - graphic, 20
- g2_ink
 - color, 12
- g2_ld
 - device, 16
- g2_Ledger
 - PS, 28
- g2_Legal
 - PS, 28
- g2_Letter
 - PS, 28
- g2_line
 - graphic, 21
- g2_line_r
 - graphic, 21
- g2_line_to
 - graphic, 21
- g2_move
 - graphic, 21
- g2_move_r
 - graphic, 22
- g2_open_EPSF
 - PS, 28
- g2_open_EPSF_CLIP
 - PS, 28
- g2_open_FIG
 - FIG, 11
- g2_open_gd
 - GD, 26
- g2_open_PS
 - PS, 28
- g2_open_vd
 - vd, 25
- g2_open_win32
 - win32, 30
- g2_open_X11
 - X11, 31
- g2_open_X11X
 - X11, 31
- g2_pen
 - color, 13
- g2_plot
 - graphic, 22
- g2_plot_QP
 - graphic, 22
- g2_plot_r
 - graphic, 22
- g2_poly_line
 - graphic, 22
- g2_polygon
 - graphic, 23
- g2_PS_land
 - PS, 27
- g2_PS_orientation
 - PS, 27
- g2_PS_paper
 - PS, 27
- g2_PS_port
 - PS, 27
- g2_query_pointer
 - control, 14
- g2_rectangle
 - graphic, 23
- g2_reset_palette
 - color, 13
- g2_save
 - control, 14
- g2_set_auto_flush
 - device, 16
- g2_set_background
 - color, 13
- g2_set_coordinate_system
 - device, 16
- g2_set_dash
 - control, 14
- g2_set_font_size

- control, 15
- g2_set_ld
 - device, 16
- g2_set_line_width
 - control, 15
- g2_set_QP
 - control, 15
- g2_string
 - graphic, 23
- g2_Tabloid
 - PS, 28
- g2_triangle
 - graphic, 23
- g2_win32
 - win32, 30
- g2_win32_type
 - win32, 30
- g2_wmf32
 - win32, 30
- GD, 26
 - g2_gd_jpeg, 26
 - g2_gd_png, 26
 - g2_gd_type, 26
 - g2_open_gd, 26
- graphic
 - g2_arc, 18
 - g2_circle, 18
 - g2_ellipse, 19
 - g2_filled_arc, 19
 - g2_filled_circle, 19
 - g2_filled_ellipse, 19
 - g2_filled_polygon, 20
 - g2_filled_rectangle, 20
 - g2_filled_triangle, 20
 - g2_image, 20
 - g2_line, 21
 - g2_line_r, 21
 - g2_line_to, 21
 - g2_move, 21
 - g2_move_r, 22
 - g2_plot, 22
 - g2_plot_QP, 22
 - g2_plot_r, 22
 - g2_poly_line, 22
 - g2_polygon, 23
 - g2_rectangle, 23
 - g2_string, 23
 - g2_triangle, 23
- graphical output, 18
- MS Windows, 30
- output control, 14

- PostScript, 27
- PS
 - g2_A0, 27
 - g2_A1, 27
 - g2_A2, 27
 - g2_A3, 27
 - g2_A4, 27
 - g2_A5, 27
 - g2_A6, 27
 - g2_A7, 27
 - g2_A8, 27
 - g2_A9, 28
 - g2_B0, 28
 - g2_B1, 28
 - g2_B10, 28
 - g2_B2, 28
 - g2_B3, 28
 - g2_B4, 28
 - g2_B5, 28
 - g2_B6, 28
 - g2_B7, 28
 - g2_B8, 28
 - g2_B9, 28
 - g2_C5_Envelope, 28
 - g2_Comm_10_Envelope, 28
 - g2_DL_Envelope, 28
 - g2_Executive, 28
 - g2_Folio, 28
 - g2_Ledger, 28
 - g2_Legal, 28
 - g2_Letter, 28
 - g2_open_EPSF, 28
 - g2_open_EPSF_CLIP, 28
 - g2_open_PS, 28
 - g2_PS_land, 27
 - g2_PS_orientation, 27
 - g2_PS_paper, 27
 - g2_PS_port, 27
 - g2_Tabloid, 28
- vd
 - g2_attach, 25
 - g2_detach, 25
 - g2_open_vd, 25
- virtual device related functions, 25
- win32
 - g2_open_win32, 30
 - g2_win32, 30
 - g2_win32_type, 30
 - g2_wmf32, 30
- X11, 31
 - g2_open_X11, 31
 - g2_open_X11X, 31